

Bond polarity

1) Use the periodic table below to determine the type of bond formed (ionic, non-polar covalent or polar covalent) between the following atoms:

- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| a) H and Cl | f) Mg and O |
| b) Li and F | g) H and F |
| c) Na and S | h) K and Br |
| d) N and N | i) C and Cl |
| e) C and O | j) C and N |

H 2.1																	He
Li 1.0	Be 1.5											B 2.0	C 2.5	N 3.0	O 3.5	F 4.0	Ne
Na 0.9	Mg 1.2											Al 1.5	Si 1.8	P 2.1	S 2.5	Cl 3.0	Ar
K 0.8	Ca 1.0	Sc 1.3	Ti 1.5	V 1.6	Cr 1.6	Mn 1.5	Fe 1.8	Co 1.8	Ni 1.8	Cu 1.9	Zn 1.6	Ga 1.6	Ge 1.8	As 2.0	Se 2.4	Br 2.8	Kr 3.0
Rb 0.8	Sr 1.0	Y 1.2	Zr 1.4	Nb 1.6	Mo 1.8	Tc 1.9	Ru 2.2	Rh 2.2	Pd 2.2	Ag 1.9	Cd 1.7	In 1.7	Sn 1.8	Sb 1.9	Te 2.1	I 2.5	Xe 2.6
Cs 0.7	Ba 0.9	La 1.1	Hf 1.3	Ta 1.5	W 1.7	Re 1.9	Os 2.2	Ir 2.2	Pt 2.2	Au 2.4	Hg 1.9	Tl 1.8	Pb 1.8	Bi 1.9	Po 2.0	At 2.2	Rn 2.4
Fr 0.7	Ra 0.7	Ac 1.1	Unq	Unp	Unh	Uns	Uno	Une									
Ce 1.1	Pr 1.1	Nd 1.1	Pm 1.1	Sm 1.1	Eu 1.1	Gd 1.1	Tb 1.1	Dy 1.1	Ho 1.1	Er 1.1	Tm 1.1	Yb 1.1	Lu 1.2				
Th 1.3	Pa 1.5	U 1.7	Np 1.3	Pu 1.3	Am 1.3	Cm 1.3	Bk 1.3	Cf 1.3	Es 1.3	Fm 1.3	Md 1.3	No 1.3	Lr				

Covalent bonding

1) Define a covalent bond.

2) Where on the periodic table would you find elements that bond by covalent bonding?

3) Arrange the following in order of increasing carbon to carbon bond strength (weakest first), C_2H_4 , C_2H_6 , C_2H_2

4) Arrange the following in order of decreasing carbon to carbon bond length (longest first), C_2H_4 , C_2H_6 , C_2H_2

5) State the relationship between the number of electrons in a covalent bond and the length and strength of the bond.